

MISERICÓRDIA: BAIRRO ALTO AND CAIS DO SODRÉ

Misericórdia is the parish that sits between Estrela and Santa Maria Maior. The nightlife scene and the lookout points are prominent features of this area of the city.

Cais do Sodré indicates the arrival to possibly the busiest part of Lisbon. The music coming from the bars awakes the party goes to another promising night at the Pink Street. Notorious for its chaotic nightlife, Cais do Sodré also offers daytime entertainment. This area is filled with international cuisine options and trendy cafés.

Mercado da Ribeira has been Lisbon's main food market since 1892. Not long ago it was remodeled into an open-space market with a range of different restaurants and communal tables at the center. In recent years, it has become an influential food destination.

Rua do Alecrim is the street going from Cais do Sodré to Chiado and Bairro Alto. It is an uphill street surrounded by crowded restaurants and bars.

Bairro Alto might be an old neighborhood, but it is young in spirit. Known for its bar-hopping culture, it is a mecca for young adults who want the night to last until the morning. Peaceful at day and busy at night, Bairro Alto mixes bars and dated houses in an environment impossible to experience anywhere else in the city.

Praça Luís de Camões. This square serves as a dividing line between the Chiado and the Bairro Alto districts. At its center stands a statue of the Portuguese poet Luís de Camões facing Chiado.

Bica. With the Tagus river as the background, tourists take pictures of the most famous funicular in town. Since 1892, this funicular has been climbing up the Rua da Bica in the Bica neighborhood. It is quite possibly the most photographed street in Lisbon but is also well-known for its bars and restaurants.



Museum of Pharmacy (*Museu da Farmácia*). A museum dedicated to the evolution of the Portuguese pharmaceutical history and technology, this award-

winning cultural space is of international recognition. Focusing on the development of the science of pharmacy from the 15th century until today, the museum recreates antique Portuguese pharmacies so that the visitor profoundly experiences their progress.



Museu das Comunicações. Adopting an interactive and dynamic approach toward its visitors, this museum is Lisbon's only cultural institution completely dedicated to the universe of communications. The Museu das Comunicações focuses on promoting the study, conservation and diffusion of the history of communications.

Miradouro de Santa Catarina. This lookout point is situated on one of the city's many hills. Sitting at the terrace you can enjoy the view over the river while listening to music and having a drink. It is also popular destination to watch the sunset and photograph the picturesque scene.

Miradouro de São Pedro de Alcântara. In case you have yet to fully grasp the beauty of the city, the São Pedro de Alcântara Lookout Point gives you a panoramic perspective of Lisbon. For a closer look, the telescope allows you to see in detail the colors of the city. Nearby, it is possible to find **the Gloria funicular**, which connects the Bairro Alto and the Restauradores district.

How to get there:

Train: Cais do Sodré Station

<https://www.cp.pt/passageiros/en>

Tram: E15, E28, 25, 28

<http://www.carris.pt/en/tram/>

Buses: 714, 722, 728, 732, 758, 759, 772, 783, 790, 794

<http://www.carris.pt/en/buslines/>

Subway: Cais do Sodré Station (Green line), Baixa-Chaido Station (Blue/Green Line)

<http://www.metrolisboa.pt/eng/>

Funiculars: Glória, Bica

<http://www.carris.pt/en/elevators/>